## § 73.735-702

(h) Application of these general provisions to some specific activities is discussed below.

# § 73.735–702 Criminal prohibitions on outside activities.

- (a) An employee may not, with or without compensation, represent another before any Government agency, court or commission in connection with any proceeding, application, request for a ruling, contract, claim or other particular matter in which the United States is a party or has a direct and substantial interest. (18 U.S.C. 203 and 205)
- (b) An employee may not act as agent or attorney for anyone else in prosecuting any claim against the United States (18 U.S.C. 205).
- (c) As an exception to the above, if it is not inconsistent with the performance of his or her duties, an employee may act without compensation as an agent or attorney for another employee, or a person under active consideration for Federal employment, who is the subject of disciplinary, loyalty, or other personnel administration proceedings in connection with those proceedings at the administrative level. For example, an employee may represent another employee who is the subject of disciplinary action, or the complainant in a discrimination proceeding, at all stages within the Department and before the Merit Systems Protection Board or Equal Employment Opportunity Commission but not in Federal Court. It would be inconsistent with the performance of official duties for a supervisor to represent subordinate employees.
- (d) The law and these regulations do not prohibit an employee from acting, with or without compensation, as agent or attorney for his or her parents, spouse, child or any person for whom, or estate for which, he or she is acting as fiduciary provided that the head of the principal operating component or his or her designee approve. Such approval, if granted, must be granted in accordance with the procedures for approval of outside activity. However, the employee may not do so if the particular matter is one in which he or she has participated personally

and substantially or which is his or her official responsibility. (18 U.S.C. 205).

#### § 73.735-703 Statutory prohibitions related to employment by a foreign government.

Employees, including officers in the Public Health Service (PHS) Commissioned Corps and retired officers of the Regular Commissioned Corps of the PHS, may not, without the consent of Congress, be employed by a foreign government or agency of a foreign government (Art. I, Sec. 9, U.S. Const.). Congress has consented to such employment by Reserve Commissioned Officers of the PHS not on active duty and by Retired Regular Commissioned Officers (37 U.S.C. 801, note) if approved under regulations of the Department of State. 22 CFR part 3a.

# § 73.735-704 Professional and consultative services.

- (a) Employees may engage in outside professional or consultative work only after meeting certain conditions. Except as provided in §§73.735-705 and 73.735-706 for activities discussed in those sections, the conditions which must be met are:
- (1) The work is not to be rendered, with or without compensation, to organizations, institutions, or state or local governments with which the official duties of the employee are directly related, or indirectly related if the indirect relationship is significant enough to cause the existence of conflict or apparent conflict of interest; or
- (2) The work is not to be rendered for compensation to help a person, institution, or government unit prepare or aid in the preparation of grant applications, contract proposals, program reports, and other material which are designed to become the subject of dealings between the institutions or government units and the Federal Government. All requests to perform consultative services, either compensated or uncompensated, for institutions or government units which have recently negotiated or may in the near future seek a contract or grant from this Department must be carefully appraised to avoid any conflict or apparent conflict of interest.

- (b) Advance administrative approval in accordance with §73.735–708 of this subpart must be obtained. Such approval is required whether or not the services are for compensation, and whether or not related to the employee's official duties.
- (c) For the purpose of this section, "professional and consultative work" is performance of work requiring knowledge of an advanced type in a field of science or learning customarily acquired by a course of specialized instruction and study in an institution of higher education, or hospital which requires the exercise of judgment and discretion in its performance and is primarily intellectual in nature as opposed to manual, mechanical or physical work.
- (d) Membership on a Board of Directors, Board of Regents, Board of Trustees, Planning Commission, Advisory Council or Committee, or on any similar body which provides advice, counsel, or consultation, shall be considered outside consultative services for which advance administrative approval is required.

## §73.735-705 Writing and editing.

- (a) Employees are encouraged to engage in outside writing and editing whether or not done for compensation, when such activity is not otherwise prohibited. Such writing and editing, though not a part of official duties, may be on a directly related subject or entirely unrelated. Certain conditions must be met in either case, however, and certain clearances or approvals are prescribed according to the content of the material as set forth in paragraphs (b) through (e) of this section.
- (b) Conditions applying to writing and editing done not as a part of official duties.
- (1) The following conditions shall apply to all writing and editing whether related or unrelated to the employee's official duties:
- (i) Government-financed time or supplies shall not be used by the author or by other Government employees in connection with the activity; and
- (ii) Official support must not be expressed or implied in the material itself or advertising or promotional material, including book jackets and

- covers, relating to the employee and his or her contribution to the publication.
- (2) If the writing or editing activity is unrelated to the employee's official duties or other responsibilities and programs of the Federal government, the employee must:
- (i) Make no mention of his or her official title or affiliation with the Department, or
- (ii) Use his or her official title or affiliation with the Department in a way that will not suggest or convey official endorsement of the work.
- (3) If the writing or editing activity is related to the employee's official duties or other responsibilities and programs of the Federal government, the employee must:
- (i) Make no mention of his or her official title or affiliation with the Department, or
- (ii) Use his or her official title or affiliation with the Department and a disclaimer as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, or
- (iii) Submit the material for clearance within the operating component, under procedures established by the component. When clearance is denied at any lower level, the employee shall have recourse for review up to the head of the principal operating component. This clearance will show there are no official objections to the activity and the employee may then use his or her official title or affiliation with the Department usually without a disclaimer.
- (c) Disclaimers. (1) Except where the requirement for disclaimer is waived as a result of official clearance, disclaimers shall be used in all writing and editing related to the employee's official duties or other responsibilities and programs of the Federal government:
- (i) In which the employee identifies himself or herself by official title or affiliation with the Department, or
- (ii) When the prominence of the employee or the employee's position might lead the public to associate him or her with the Department, even without identification other than name.
- (2) Disclaimers shall read as follows unless a different wording is approved by the Assistant General Counsel,